1	Part 6—Closing the labour hire loophole	
2	Fair Work Act 2009	
3	71 After paragraph 5(8)(a)
4	Insert:	
5 6		art 2-7A (which deals with regulated labour ent orders); and
7	72 Section 12	
8	Insert:	
9	alternative protecte	d rate of pay order: see subsection 306M(2).
10	arbitrated protected	<i>Trate of pay order</i> : see subsection 306Q(1).
11	covered employmen	t instrument means:
12	(a) an enterprise	agreement; or
13	(b) a workplace d	etermination; or
14		on under section 24 of the Public Service Act
15		ies to a class of APS employees in an Agency
16		eaning of that Act); or
17		made under any other law of the
18		th (other than this Act), or of a State or a provides for the terms and conditions of
19 20	-	or a class of national system employees of:
20		monwealth or a State or Territory; or
21		rity of the Commonwealth or of a State or
22	Territory	•
24	•	rument relating to the employment of a class of
25	· · · · · · · · ·	m employees that:
26	(i) is made	under a law of the Commonwealth (other than
27	this Act)	or a State or Territory; and
28	(ii) is prescr	bed by the regulations.
29	host employment in	strument: see subsection 306E(6).
30	protected rate of pa	y: see section 306F.

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	recurring extended exemption period: see s	ubsection 306K(2).
	regulated employee: see subsection 306E(5)	
	regulated host: see section 306C.	
	regulated labour hire arrangement order: s	ee subsection 306E(1).
72A At	the end of section 201	
А	dd:	
	Approval decision to note that enterprise aga employment instrument for regulated labour order	
(5) If:	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(a) the FWC approves an enterprise agree	ment; and
	(b) the enterprise agreement will become t	he host employment
	instrument covered by a regulated labo order because of section 306EB;	our hire arrangement
	the FWC must note in its decision to approve	0
	the agreement will be the host employment i the order.	nstrument covered by
	Note: Certain notification requirements also appl agreement will be the host employment ins regulated labour hire arrangement order (se	strument covered by a
73 Afte	r Part 2-7	
Ir	isert:	
Ir		rangement
Divisio	n 1—Introduction	
306A G	uide to this Part	
	This Part is about regulated labour hire arran	gement orders

1 2 3	Division 2 deals with the making of regulated labour hire arrangement orders by the FWC and sets out the obligations of employers and regulated hosts covered by those orders.
4	Division 2 also deals with the making of alternative protected rate
5 6 7	of pay orders by the FWC, the continued application of regulated labour hire arrangement orders in particular circumstances, and certain payments relating to termination of employment.
8	Division 3 deals with disputes about the operation of this Part.
9	Division 4 is about anti-avoidance.
10 11	Division 5 requires the FWC to make written guidelines in relation to the operation of this Part.
12	306B Meanings of <i>employee</i> and <i>employer</i>
13 14	In this Part, <i>employee</i> means a national system employee, and <i>employer</i> means a national system employer.
15 16	Note: See also Division 2 of Part 6-4A (TCF contract outworkers taken to be employees in certain circumstances).
17	306C Meaning of <i>regulated host</i>
18	A <i>regulated host</i> is:
19	(a) a constitutional corporation; or
20	(b) the Commonwealth; or
21	(c) a Commonwealth authority; or
22	(d) a person, so far as work is performed for the person in
23	connection with constitutional trade or commerce, and the
24	work is of a kind that would ordinarily be performed by:
25	(i) a flight crew officer; or
26	(ii) a maritime employee; or
27	(iii) a waterside worker; or
28	(e) a body corporate incorporated in a Territory; or
29	(f) a person who carries on an activity (whether of a commercial,
30	governmental or other nature) in a Territory in Australia, so

1	far as work is performed for the person in connection with
2	the activity carried on in the Territory; or
3	(g) a person, so far as work is performed for the person in a
4	Territory in Australia; or
5 6	 (h) any person in a State that is a referring State because of Division 2A or 2B of Part 1-3.
7 8 9	Note: In this context, <i>Australia</i> includes Norfolk Island, the Territory of Christmas Island and the Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands (see the definition of <i>Australia</i> in section 12).
10 11	306D References to kinds of work and work performed for a person etc.
12 13	(1) A reference in this Part to work of a kind includes a reference to work that is substantially of that kind.
14 15 16	(2) A reference in this Part to work performed for a person includes a reference to work performed wholly or principally for the benefit of:
17	(a) the person; or
18	(b) an enterprise carried on by the person; or
19	(c) a joint venture or common enterprise engaged in by the
20	person and one or more other persons.
21	(3) To avoid doubt, in determining for the purposes of this Part
22	whether work is or is to be performed for a person by an employee
23	of an employer, it does not matter whether there is or will be any
24	agreement between the person and the employer relating to the
25	performance of the work.

Division	2—Regulated labour hire arrangement orders
Subdivisi	on A—Making regulated labour hire arrangement orders
306E FW	C may make a regulated labour hire arrangement order
	Regulated labour hire arrangement order
(1)	The FWC must, on application by a person mentioned in subsection (7), make an order (a <i>regulated labour hire arrangement order</i>) if the FWC is satisfied that:
	 (a) an employer supplies or will supply, either directly or indirectly, one or more employees of the employer to perform work for a regulated host; and
	(b) a covered employment instrument that applies to the regulated host would apply to the employees if the regulated host were to employ the employees to perform work of that kind; and
	(c) the regulated host is not a small business employer.
	Note: The FWC may make other decisions under this Part which relate to regulated labour hire arrangement orders: see Subdivisions C (short-term arrangements) and D (alternative protected rate of pay orders) of this Division, and Division 3 (dealing with disputes).
(1A)	Despite subsection (1), the FWC must not make the order unless it is satisfied that the performance of the work is not or will not be for the provision of a service, rather than the supply of labour, having regard to the matters in subsection (7A).
(2)	Despite subsection (1), the FWC must not make the order if the FWC is satisfied that it is not fair and reasonable in all the circumstances to do so, having regard to any matters in subsection (8) in relation to which submissions have been made.
(3)	For the purposes of paragraph (1)(a), it does not matter:(a) whether the supply is the result of an agreement, or one or more agreements; or
	(b) if there are one or more agreements relating to the supply—whether an agreement is between:

1	1 (ii) the regulated host a	and a person other than the employer;
2		
3		a person other than the regulated host;
4		
5 6		are neither the regulated host nor the
7	7 (c) whether the regulated he	ost and employer are related bodies
8		
9	9 Note: If related bodies corpora	te with different corporate branding do not
10		ther, a regulated labour hire arrangement
11 12		ecause labour is not supplied in the way (1)(a).
13		
14		ent would apply to the employees, it
15		the employees are or would be
16	6 employed.	
17	7 <i>Regulated employee and host</i>	employment instrument
18	8 (5) An employee referred to in pa	aragraph (1)(a) is a <i>regulated</i>
19	9 employee.	
20	0 (6) The covered employment inst	trument referred to in paragraph (1)(b)
21	• • • • • • • • •	
22	2 Who may apply for an order	
23	3 (7) The following persons may ap	oply for the order:
24	4 (a) a regulated employee;	
25	5 (b) an employee of the regu	lated host;
26	6 (c) an employee organisation	on that is entitled to represent the
27	7 industrial interests of an	employee mentioned in
28	8 paragraph (a) or (b);	
29	9 (d) the regulated host.	
30	0 Matters that must be consider	red in relation to whether work is for
31		ea in retailor to michier work is jor
32	2 (7A) For the purposes of subsection	n (1A), the matters are as follows:

1	(a) the involvement of the employer in matters relating to the
2	performance of the work;
3	(b) the extent to which, in practice, the employer or a person
4	acting on behalf of the employer directs, supervises or
5	controls (or will direct, supervise or control) the regulated
6	employees when they perform the work, including by
7	managing rosters, assigning tasks or reviewing the quality of
8	the work;
9	(c) the extent to which the regulated employees use or will use
10	systems, plant or structures of the employer to perform the
11	work;
12	(d) the extent to which either the employer or another person is
13	or will be subject to industry or professional standards or
14	responsibilities in relation to the regulated employees;
15	(e) the extent to which the work is of a specialist or expert
16	nature.
17	Matters to be considered if submissions are made
18	(8) For the purposes of subsection (2), the matters are as follows:
19	(a) the pay arrangements that apply to employees of the
20	regulated host (or related bodies corporate of the regulated
21	host) and the regulated employees, including in relation to:
22	(i) whether the host employment instrument applies only to
23	a particular class or group of employees; and
24	(ii) whether, in practice, the host employment instrument
25	has ever applied to an employee at a classification, job
26	level or grade that would be applicable to the regulated
27	employees; and
28	(iii) the rate of pay that would be payable to the regulated
29	employees if the order were made;
30	(c) the history of industrial arrangements applying to the
31	regulated host and the employer;
32	(d) the relationship between the regulated host and the employer,
33	including whether they are related bodies corporate or
34	engaged in a joint venture or common enterprise;
35	(da) if the performance of the work is or will be wholly or
36	principally for the benefit of a joint venture or common

1	enterprise engaged in by the regulated host and one or more
2	other persons:
3 4	(i) the nature of the regulated host's interests in the joint venture or common enterprise; and
5	(ii) the pay arrangements that apply to employees of any of
6	the other persons engaged in the joint venture or
7	common enterprise (or related bodies corporate of those
8	other persons);
9	(e) the terms and nature of the arrangement under which the
10	work will be performed, including:
11 12	(i) the period for which the arrangement operates or will operate; and
13 14	(ii) the location of the work being performed or to be performed under the arrangement; and
15	(iii) the industry in which the regulated host and the
16	employer operate; and
17	(iv) the number of employees of the employer performing
18	work, or who are to perform work, for the regulated host
19	under the arrangement;
20	(f) any other matter the FWC considers relevant.
21	What an order must specify
22	(9) A regulated labour hire arrangement order must specify:
23	(a) the regulated host covered by the order; and
24	(b) the employer covered by the order under this section; and
25	(c) the regulated employees covered by the order under this
26	section; and
27	(d) the host employment instrument covered by the order; and
28	(e) the day the order comes into force, which must be:
29	(i) if the order is made before 1 November 2024—that day
30	or a later day; or
31	(ii) otherwise—the day the order is made or a later day.
32	Note: For paragraphs (b) and (c), additional employers and regulated
33	employees of those employers may be covered by the order under
34	section 306EA.

1		What an order may specify
2 3	(10)	A regulated labour hire arrangement order may specify when the order ceases to be in force.
4 5		Note: For variation and revocation of a regulated labour hire arrangement order, see section 603.
6 7	306EA Re	egulated labour hire arrangement order may cover additional arrangements
8 9		Determination that application covers additional employers and employees
10 11 12 13	(1)	If an application for a regulated labour hire arrangement order is made in relation to a regulated host, an employer and one or more employees of the employer, the FWC may determine that the application is taken to also relate to:
14 15 16 17 18		 (a) one or more other employers (each of which is an <i>additional employer</i>) that the FWC is satisfied supply or will supply, in the manner referred to in paragraph 306E(1)(a), one or more employees to perform work, for the regulated host, of the kind in relation to which the application was made; and
19 20 21		(b) the employees referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection (each of whom is an <i>additional regulated employee</i>).
22 23		Note: The employees referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection are <i>regulated employees</i> (see subsection 306E(5)).
24	(2)	The FWC may make the determination:
25		(a) on its own initiative; or
26		(b) on application by any of the following:
27		(i) the applicant for the order or any other person who
28		could have applied for the order (see
29		subsection 306E(7));
30		(ii) the employer mentioned in paragraph 306E(1)(a);
31		(iii) an employer that supplies or will supply employees as
32		referred to in paragraph (1)(a) of this section;
33		(iv) a person who is such an employee;
34 25		(v) an employee organisation that is entitled to represent the industrial interests of such an employee.
35		industrial interests of such an employee.

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 (3) If the FWC makes such a determination, the FWC must seek the views of the following before deciding whether to make the regulated labour hire arrangement order: (a) the additional regulated employees; (b) employee organisations that are entitled to represent the industrial interests of the additional regulated employees; (c) the additional employers.
8 9	Additional employers and employees in regulated labour hire arrangement order
10 11 12 13 14 15	(4) Subject to subsections (5) and (6), if the FWC makes a determination under subsection (1) in relation to an application for a regulated labour hire arrangement order, the FWC may specify in the regulated labour hire arrangement order (if made) that, in addition to the persons referred to in paragraphs 306E(9)(b) and (c), the order also covers:
16 17	(a) any or all of the additional employers; and(b) additional regulated employees of those employers.
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 (5) The FWC must not specify an additional employer or additional regulated employees of the employer under subsection (4) unless: (a) the FWC is satisfied of the matters mentioned in subsection 306E(1) in relation to the additional employer and the additional regulated employees; and (b) the FWC is satisfied that the covered employment instrument that would apply to the additional regulated employees, as referred to in paragraph 306E(1)(b), is the host employment instrument covered by the order; and (c) the FWC is satisfied that the performance of the work by the additional regulated employees is not or will not be for the provision of a service, rather than the supply of labour, having regard to the matters in subsection 306E(7A) in relation to the additional employees.
33 34 35 36	(6) The FWC must not specify an additional employer or additional regulated employees of the employer under subsection (4) if the FWC is satisfied that it is not fair and reasonable in all the circumstances to do so, having regard to:



1 2	(a)	the views (if any) of persons referred to in subsection (3); and
3	(b)	any matters mentioned in subsection 306E(8) in relation to
4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	which submissions are made, to the extent the submissions
5		relate to the additional employer and the additional regulated
6		employees.
7		ation of regulated labour hire arrangement order to
8	new	v covered employment instrument
9		section applies if:
10	(a)	a regulated labour hire arrangement order is in force; and
11	(b)	the host employment instrument covered by the order ceases
12		to apply to the regulated host covered by the order, or to a
13		class of employees of the regulated host covered by the
14		order, in connection with another covered employment
15		instrument (the <i>new instrument</i>) starting to apply to the
16		regulated host or those employees; and
17	(c)	the new instrument would apply to the regulated employees
18		covered by the order if the regulated host were to employ the
19 20		employees to perform work of a kind to which the order relates.
21	(2) From	n the time the new instrument starts to apply to the regulated
22	host	or the class of employees mentioned in paragraph (1)(b), the
23	orde	r has effect (and may be dealt with) as if the new instrument
24	were	e the host employment instrument covered by the order.
25	(3) For t	the purposes of paragraph (1)(c), in determining whether a
26	cove	ered employment instrument would apply to the employees, it
27		not matter on what basis the employees are or would be
28	emp	loyed.
29		ation requirements in relation to new covered
30	emp	oloyment instrument
31	Notij	fication by regulated host
32	(1) If a 1	regulated labour hire arrangement order in force covers a
33		lated host and an event mentioned in subsection (2) occurs, the

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1	regulated host must, as soon as practicable after the event occurs,
2	give written notice to any employers covered by the order of:
3	(a) the event; and
4	(b) the effect that the event will have or would have in relation to
5	the order.
6	Note: This subsection is a civil remedy provision (see Part 4-1).
7	(2) The events are the following:
8	(a) approval, by employees, of a covered employment
9	instrument that will, if it comes into operation, become the
10	host employment instrument covered by the order because of
11	section 306EB;
12	(b) any other approval or making of a covered employment
13	instrument that will, if it comes into operation, become the
14	host employment instrument covered by the order because of
15	section 306EB, other than an approval by the FWC of an
16	enterprise agreement (see subsection (3) of this section).
17	Notification by FWC
18	(3) If the FWC approves an enterprise agreement that, because of
19	section 306EB, will become the host employment instrument
20	covered by a regulated labour hire arrangement order, the FWC
21	must, as soon as practicable after the approval, give written notice
22	to any employers covered by the order of:
23	(a) the approval of the enterprise agreement; and
24	(b) the effect of the approval in relation to the order.
25	306ED Varying regulated labour hire arrangement order to cover
26	new employers
27	(1) This section applies if:
28	(a) a regulated labour hire arrangement order that covers a
29	regulated host and one or more employers, and relates to a
30	kind of work, is in force or has been made but is not yet in
31	force; and
32	(b) one or more other employers (each of which is a <i>new</i>
33	employer) start or will start to supply employees (each of
34	whom is a <i>relevant regulated employee</i>) to perform work of

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1 2	that kind for the regulated host, in a manner referred to in paragraph 306E(1)(a); and
	(c) the new employers are not covered by any regulated labour
3 4	hire arrangement order (whether in force, or made but not yet
5	in force) that covers or will cover the relevant regulated
	employees in relation to the performance of that work; and
6	
7	(d) the FWC did not make a determination under 20 (EA(1) in relation to the new employees and
8	subsection 306EA(1) in relation to the new employers and the application for the regulated labour hire arrangement
9 10	order.
10	
11 12	Note: The employees referred to in paragraph (b) of this subsection are <i>regulated employees</i> (see subsection 306E(5)).
13	Regulated host must make application
14	(2) As soon as practicable after the regulated host becomes aware of
15	the circumstances referred to in paragraph (1)(b), the regulated host
16	must apply to the FWC for an order under this section varying the
17	regulated labour hire arrangement order to cover the new
18	employers and the relevant regulated employees of those
19	employers.
20	Note: This subsection is a civil remedy provision (see Part 4-1).
21	(3) Section 588 (discontinuing applications) does not apply in relation
22	to the application unless the circumstances referred to in
23	paragraph (1)(b) of this section no longer exist.
24	(4) As soon as possible after the application is made, the regulated host
24 25	must give written notice of the following to each of the new
25	employers:
27	(a) that the application has been made;
28	(b) the effect of subsection (11) in relation to the application.
29	Note: This subsection is a civil remedy provision (see Part 4-1).
30	FWC must decide whether to make variation order
31	(5) The FWC must:
32	(a) decide whether to make an order under this section varying
33	the regulated labour hire arrangement order in accordance
34	with subsection (6) or (7) to cover:

1	(i) any or all of the new employers; and
2	(ii) relevant regulated employees of those employers; and
3	(b) take all reasonable steps to make the decision before the time
4	any of those employees start to perform the work referred to
5	in paragraph (1)(b).
6	(6) The FWC must vary the regulated labour hire arrangement order to
7	cover a new employer and the relevant regulated employees of the
8	employer if the regulated host and the new employer notify the
9	FWC that the regulated host and the new employer agree to the
10	making of the variation.
11	(7) Subject to subsections (8) and (9), the FWC must also vary the
12	regulated labour hire arrangement order to cover a new employer
13	and the relevant regulated employees of the employer if the FWC
14	is satisfied of the matters referred to in subsection 306E(1) in
15	relation to the regulated host, the new employer and the relevant
16	regulated employees.
17	(8) The FWC must not vary the regulated labour hire arrangement
18	order in accordance with subsection (7) unless the FWC is satisfied
19	that the performance of the work by the relevant regulated
20	employees is not or will not be for the provision of a service, rather
21	than the supply of labour, having regard to the matters referred to
22	in subsection 306E(7A) in relation to the new employer and the
23	relevant regulated employees.
24	(9) The FWC must not vary the regulated labour hire arrangement
25	order in accordance with subsection (7) if the FWC is satisfied that
26	it is not fair and reasonable in all the circumstances to make the
27	variation, having regard to any matters referred to in
28	subsection $306E(8)$ in relation to which submissions have been
29	made in respect of the variation.
30	When variation order comes into force
31	(10) An order under this section comes into force on a day specified in
32	the order.

1	Interim arrangements before FWC decides application
2	(11) If the FWC does not decide whether to make an order under this
3	section by the time referred to in paragraph (5)(b), the regulated
4	labour hire arrangement order is taken (so long as it is in force) to
5	cover the new employers and the relevant regulated employees
6 7	from the time the application for the order under this section is made until:
8	(a) if the FWC decides not to make an order under this section—
9	the time the FWC makes that decision; or
10	(b) if the FWC decides to make an order under this section—the
11	time that order comes into force.
	204EE Notifying tondonous at a of negulated labour him
12	306EE Notifying tenderers etc. of regulated labour hire arrangement order
13	arrangement or der
14	(1) This section applies if:
15	(a) a regulated host is covered by a regulated labour hire
16	arrangement order that is in force or has been made but is not
17	yet in force; and
18	(b) a tender process is conducted:
19	(i) by or on behalf of the regulated host; or
20	(ii) for the purposes of a joint venture or common enterprise
21	engaged in by the regulated host and one or more other
22	persons.
23	(2) If it could reasonably be expected that one or more employers
24	would, as a result of the tender process, become covered by the
25	regulated labour hire arrangement order because of section 306ED,
26	the regulated host must ensure that, from the start of the tender
27	process, all prospective tenderers are advised, in writing, that if one
28	or more tenderers are successful in the process:
29	(a) one or more employers could become covered by the
30	regulated labour hire arrangement order; and
31	(b) the employers could be required to pay employees of the
32	employers who perform work for the regulated host, in
33	accordance with this Part, in connection with the work.
34	Note: This subsection is a civil remedy provision (see Part 4-1).

1	(3) If the regulated host is required to apply to the FWC in relation to
2	one or more employers under subsection 306ED(2) as a result of
3	the tender process, the regulated host must, as soon as practicable
4	after the end of the tender process, advise the successful tenderer or
5	tenderers in that process (whether or not they are the employers), in
6	writing, of the following:
7	(a) that the regulated host is required to make the application;
8	(b) the effect of subsection $306ED(11)$ in relation to the
9	application;
10	(c) that if the FWC decides to vary the order under
11	section 306ED to cover those employers, and the order is in
12	force or comes into force, the employers will be required to
13	pay employees of the employers who perform work for the
14	regulated host, in accordance with this Part, in connection
15	with the work.
16	Note: This subsection is a civil remedy provision (see Part 4-1).
17	Subdivision B—Obligations of employers and regulated hosts
18	etc. when a regulated labour hire arrangement order
19	is in force
20	306F Protected rate of pay payable to employees if a regulated
21	labour hire arrangement order is in force
22	Application of section
23	(1) This section applies if a regulated labour hire arrangement order is
23 24	in force that covers a regulated host, an employer and a regulated
24 25	employee of the employer.
20	
26	Employer must not pay less than protected rate of pay
27	
	(2) The employer must pay the regulated employee at no less than the
28	(2) The employer must pay the regulated employee at no less than the protected rate of pay for the employee in connection with the work
28 29	
	protected rate of pay for the employee in connection with the work

1	Exceptions
2	(3) The employer does not contravene subsection (2) if the employer
3	pays the regulated employee at less than the protected rate of pay
4	because:
5	(a) the regulated host provides information to the employer
6	under section 306H (which deals with information about the
7	protected rate of pay); and
8	(b) the employer reasonably relies on the information for the
9	purposes of working out the protected rate of pay for the
10	regulated employee; and
11	(c) the information is incorrect in a material particular.
12	(3A) The employer does not contravene subsection (2) if:
13	(a) the regulated labour hire arrangement order covers the
14	employer because of the operation of subsection 306ED(11);
15	and
16	(b) the employer pays the regulated employee at less than the
17	protected rate of pay because the employer has not been
18	either:
19	(i) notified that the regulated host has made an application
20	under subsection 306ED(2) (which deals with certain
21	variation orders); or
22	(ii) for an employer who was a successful tenderer in a tender process and vised under subsection 20(EE(2) or
23 24	tender process—advised under subsection 306EE(2) or (3) (which deal with notifying tenderers) in relation to
24 25	the regulated labour hire arrangement order.
20	ale regulated factor fine all all offer
26	Meaning of protected rate of pay
27	(4) Unless subsection (5) applies, the <i>protected rate of pay</i> for the
28	regulated employee is the full rate of pay that would be payable to
29	the employee if the host employment instrument covered by the
30	regulated labour hire arrangement order were to apply to the
31	employee.
32	(5) If the regulated employee is a casual employee, and there is no
33	covered employment instrument that applies to the regulated host
34	that provides for work of that kind to be performed by casual
35	employees, the <i>protected rate of pay</i> for the regulated employee is
36	the full rate of pay that would be payable to the employee if:

1	(a) the employee were an employee other than a casual employee
2	and the host employment instrument covered by the regulated
3	labour hire arrangement order were to apply to the employee;
4	and
5	(b) the base rate of pay that would be payable to the employee,
6	in the circumstances referred to in paragraph (a), were
7	increased by 25%.
8	(6) Despite subsections (4) and (5), if the employer is a national
9	system employer only because of section 30D or 30N, the
10	protected rate of pay for the regulated employee does not include
11	any amount that relates to an excluded subject matter within the magning of subsection $20A(1)$ or $20K(1)$
12	meaning of subsection $30A(1)$ or $30K(1)$.
13	Note: Sections 30D and 30N extend the meaning of <i>national system</i>
14	employer.
15	(7) If the regulated employee is a pieceworker and paragraph $16(2)(b)$
16	would apply to the employee were the host employment instrument
17	to apply to the employee, the base rate of pay that would be
18	payable to the employee for the purposes of subsection (5) of this
19	section is taken to be the base rate of pay that would be referred to
20	in that paragraph.
21	(8) If the regulated employee is a pieceworker and paragraph $18(2)(b)$
21 22	would apply to the employee were the host employment instrument
22	to apply to the employee, the full rate of pay that would be payable
23 24	to the employee for the purposes of subsections (4) and (5) of this
24 25	section is taken to be the full rate of pay that would be referred to
25 26	in that paragraph.
20	in the perugruph.
27	(9) To avoid doubt, this section does not require that a regulated
28	employee referred to in subsection (5) be taken to be an employee
29	other than a casual employee for the purposes of determining
30	entitlements to kinds of leave, or any other purpose, except
31	determining the protected rate of pay for the regulated employee.
32	Requirement to pay no less than protected rate of pay applies
33	despite other fair work instruments etc.
34	(10) Subsection (2) applies despite any provision of:

1	(a) a fair work instrument (other than an instrument made by the
2	FWC under this Part) that applies to the regulated employee;
3	or
4	(b) a covered employment instrument (other than a fair work
5	instrument) that applies to the regulated employee; or
6	(c) the regulated employee's contract of employment;
7	that provides for a rate of pay for the regulated employee that is
8	less than the protected rate of pay for the regulated employee.
9	Note: See also section 306N (effect of alternative protected rate of pay
10	order) and subsection 306Q(6) (effect of arbitrated protected rate of
11	pay order).
12	306G Exceptions from requirement to pay protected rate of pay
13	Training arrangements
14	(1) Section 306F does not apply to a regulated employee if a training
15	arrangement applies to the employee in respect of the work
16	performed for the regulated host.
17	Certain short-term arrangements
18	(2) Section 306F does not apply to a regulated employee if:
19	(a) no determination for the purposes of paragraph $306J(2)(a)$
20	(no exemption period) that applies to the employee in respect
21	of the work performed for the regulated host is in force; and
22	(b) the employee performs, or is to perform, the work for the
23	regulated host during:
24	(i) if neither subparagraph (ii) nor (iii) applies—a period of
24	no longer than 3 months; or
26	(ii) if a determination in force under section 306J specifies a
20	period as the exemption period for the regulated host,
28	the employer and the work—a period of no longer than
29	the period specified; or
	(iii) if subparagraph (ii) does not apply and the work
30 31	commences during a recurring extended exemption
32	period for work of the kind performed by the employee
32 33	for the regulated host—a period of no longer than the
33 34	remainder of the extended exemption period, or a period
34 35	of no longer than 3 months, whichever ends later.
55	or no tonger than 5 months, which ever ends fater.

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1 2 3 4 5	(3) However, if the regulated employee does in fact perform the work for longer than the maximum period applicable under paragraph (2)(b), as a result of a variation to or the making of one or more agreements, section 306F applies to the regulated employee on and after the day the agreements are varied or made.
6 7	306H Obligations of regulated hosts covered by a regulated labour hire arrangement order
8	Application of this section
9 10 11	(1) This section applies to a regulated host and an employer if the regulated host and employer are covered by a regulated labour hire arrangement order that is in force.
12	Ability to request information regarding protected rate of pay
13 14 15 16 17 18	(2) If the employer reasonably considers that the employer does not have all of the information needed regarding what is the protected rate of pay for one or more regulated employees of the employer covered by the order, the employer may request, in writing, that the regulated host provide the employer with specified information needed.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	 (3) The regulated host must comply with the request: (a) as soon as reasonably practicable; and (b) in any event, within such a period as would reasonably enable the employer to comply with its obligations under section 306F (protected rate of pay payable to employees if a regulated labour hire arrangement order is in force) in relation to the employees.
26	Note: This subsection is a civil remedy provision (see Part 4-1).
27	Manner of complying with request
28	(4) The regulated host may comply with the request by:
29	(a) providing the employer with the information requested; or
30	(b) providing information, for each relevant pay period of the
31 32	employees, setting out the protected rate of pay for each employee for the period.

1	Subdivision	C —	-Short-term	arrangements
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2	306J Determination altering exemption period for short-term
3	arrangements
4	(1) This section applies if:
5	(a) a regulated labour hire arrangement order is in force that
6	covers a regulated host, an employer and one or more
7	regulated employees of the employer performing work for
8	the regulated host; or
9	(b) a regulated labour hire arrangement order has been made but
10	is not yet in force that covers a regulated host, an employer
11	and one or more regulated employees of the employer
12	performing work for the regulated host; or
13	(c) an application for a regulated labour hire arrangement order that would cover a regulated host on employer and one or
14 15	that would cover a regulated host, an employer and one or more regulated employees of the employer performing work
15	for the regulated host has been made to the FWC under
17	section 306E but has not been finally determined.
18	(2) The FWC may determine that, in relation to the regulated host, the
19	employer and work to be performed by one or more regulated
20	employees of the employer:
21 22	(a) there is no exemption period for the purposes of section 306G; or
23	(b) a specified period of less than 3 months is the exemption
24	period for the purposes of that section; or
25	(c) a specified period of more than 3 months is the exemption
26	period for the purposes of that section.
27	Note: The exemption period is used in determining whether the exception to
28	pay the protected rate of pay in the case of short-term arrangements in subassian $206C(2)$ applies
29	subsection 306G(2) applies.
30	306K Determination of recurring extended exemption period
31	(1) This section applies if:
32	(a) a regulated labour hire arrangement order is in force that
33	covers a regulated host, one or more employers and one or
34	more regulated employees performing work for the regulated
35	host; or

1	(b) a regulated labour hire arrangement order has been made but
2	is not yet in force that covers a regulated host, one or more
3	employers and one or more regulated employees performing
4	work for the regulated host; or
5	(c) an application for a regulated labour hire arrangement order
6	that would cover a regulated host, one or more employers
7	and one or more regulated employees performing work for
8	the regulated host has been made to the FWC under
9	section 306E but has not been finally determined.
10	(2) The FWC may determine that a specified period of more than 3
11	months, starting on a specified day of the year in specified
12	consecutive years, is a <i>recurring extended exemption period</i> for
13	the regulated host in relation to a specified kind of work to which
14	the regulated labour hire arrangement order relates.
15	306L Making and effect of determinations under this Subdivision
16	Who may apply for determination
17	(1) The FWC may make a determination under this Subdivision only
18	on application by:
19	(a) the regulated host, an employer covered by the regulated
20	labour hire arrangement order or a regulated employee
21	covered by the order who is performing or is to perform work
22	for the regulated host; or
23	(b) an organisation entitled to represent the industrial interests of
24	any of those persons.
25	Time for making determination
26	(2) The FWC must decide whether or not to make the determination as
27	quickly as possible after the application is made.
28	Requirements for making determination
29	(3) Before deciding whether or not to make the determination, the
30	FWC must seek the views of any person or organisation that, apart
31	from the applicant, could have applied for the determination under
32	subsection (1).

1	(4) The FWC may make the determination only if satisfied that there
2	are exceptional circumstances that justify making it, having regard
3	to:
4	(a) whether the purpose of the proposed exemption period or
5	recurring extended exemption period relates to satisfying a
6	seasonal or short-term need for workers; and
7	(b) the industry in which the work is performed or is to be
8	performed; and
9	(c) the circumstances of:
10	(i) the regulated host; and
11	(ii) any relevant employers covered by the regulated labour
12	hire arrangement order; and
13	(d) the views (if any) of any persons or organisations mentioned
14	in subsection (1); and
15	(e) for a determination made for the purposes of
16	paragraph 306J(2)(c)—the principle that the longer the period
17	to be specified in the determination, the greater the
18	justification required; and
19	(f) for a determination that a period is a recurring extended
20	exemption period for a regulated host for a kind of work—
21	the principle that the longer the period to be specified in the
22	determination, and the greater the number of recurrences of
23	that period to be specified, the greater the justification
24	required; and
25	(g) any other matter the FWC considers relevant.
26	When determination comes into force
27	(5) The determination comes into force on the later of the day the
28	regulated labour hire arrangement order comes into force, and the
29	following:
30	(a) for a determination under section 306J that there is no
31 32	exemption period for the purposes of section 306G—the day it is made;
33	(b) for a determination under section 306J that there is an exemption period of more than, or less than, 3 months for the
34 35	purposes of section 306G—the day it is made or a later day
35 36	specified in the determination;
50	specified in the determination,

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1 2 3	(c)	for a determination under section 306K (which deals with recurring extended exemption periods)—the day it is made or a later day specified in the determination.
4	Subdivision D-	—Alternative protected rate of pay orders
5	306M Making	an alternative protected rate of pay order
6	Appli	cation of this section
7	(1) This	section applies if:
8 9 10 11	(a)	a regulated labour hire arrangement order is in force that covers a regulated host, an employer and a regulated employee of the employer performing work for the regulated host; or
12 13 14 15	(b)	a regulated labour hire arrangement order has been made but is not yet in force that covers a regulated host, an employer and a regulated employee of the employer performing work for the regulated host; or
16 17 18 19 20	(c)	an application for a regulated labour hire arrangement order that would cover a regulated host, an employer and a regulated employee of the employer performing work for the regulated host has been made to the FWC under section 306E but has not been finally determined.
21	Alter	native protected rate of pay order
22 23		FWC may make an order (an <i>alternative protected rate of pay</i>); specifying:
24	(a)	how the rate of pay at which the employer must pay the
25		regulated employee in connection with the work is to be
26	(1)	worked out; and
27 28	(b)	that the employer must pay the rate of pay worked out in that way to the regulated employee in connection with the work.
29	Rate	of pay
30	(3) The r	ate of pay for the purposes of paragraph (2)(a) must be the
31	prote	cted rate of pay for the regulated employee that would apply
32 33		references in section 306F to the host employment instrument red by the regulated labour hire arrangement order were

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1 2	instead references to a specified covered employment instrument that:
3 4 5	 (a) applies to a related body corporate of the regulated host and would apply to a person employed by the related body corporate to perform work of that kind; or
6	(b) applies to the regulated host and would apply to a person
0 7	employed by the regulated host to perform work of that kind
8	in circumstances that do not apply in relation to the
9	employee.
10	Who may apply
11	(4) The FWC may make an alternative protected rate of pay order only
12	on application by the employee, the employer, the regulated host or
13	an organisation entitled to represent the industrial interests of any
14	of those persons.
15	Time for making
16	(5) The FWC must decide whether or not to make the order as quickly
17	as possible after the application is made.
18	Criteria for making etc.
18 19	<i>Criteria for making etc.</i>(6) The FWC must not make the order unless satisfied that:
19	(6) The FWC must not make the order unless satisfied that:
19 20	 (6) The FWC must not make the order unless satisfied that: (a) it would be unreasonable for the requirement in section 306F, that the employer pay the regulated employee at no less than the protected rate of pay, to apply in connection with that
19 20 21	 (6) The FWC must not make the order unless satisfied that: (a) it would be unreasonable for the requirement in section 306F, that the employer pay the regulated employee at no less than the protected rate of pay, to apply in connection with that work (including, for example, because the rate would be
19 20 21 22	 (6) The FWC must not make the order unless satisfied that: (a) it would be unreasonable for the requirement in section 306F, that the employer pay the regulated employee at no less than the protected rate of pay, to apply in connection with that
19 20 21 22 23	 (6) The FWC must not make the order unless satisfied that: (a) it would be unreasonable for the requirement in section 306F, that the employer pay the regulated employee at no less than the protected rate of pay, to apply in connection with that work (including, for example, because the rate would be insufficient or would be excessive); and (b) there is a covered employment instrument of the kind
19 20 21 22 23 24	 (6) The FWC must not make the order unless satisfied that: (a) it would be unreasonable for the requirement in section 306F, that the employer pay the regulated employee at no less than the protected rate of pay, to apply in connection with that work (including, for example, because the rate would be insufficient or would be excessive); and
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	 (6) The FWC must not make the order unless satisfied that: (a) it would be unreasonable for the requirement in section 306F, that the employer pay the regulated employee at no less than the protected rate of pay, to apply in connection with that work (including, for example, because the rate would be insufficient or would be excessive); and (b) there is a covered employment instrument of the kind referred to in paragraph (3)(a) or (b). (7) Before deciding whether to make the order, the FWC must seek the
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	 (6) The FWC must not make the order unless satisfied that: (a) it would be unreasonable for the requirement in section 306F, that the employer pay the regulated employee at no less than the protected rate of pay, to apply in connection with that work (including, for example, because the rate would be insufficient or would be excessive); and (b) there is a covered employment instrument of the kind referred to in paragraph (3)(a) or (b).
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 (6) The FWC must not make the order unless satisfied that: (a) it would be unreasonable for the requirement in section 306F, that the employer pay the regulated employee at no less than the protected rate of pay, to apply in connection with that work (including, for example, because the rate would be insufficient or would be excessive); and (b) there is a covered employment instrument of the kind referred to in paragraph (3)(a) or (b). (7) Before deciding whether to make the order, the FWC must seek the
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 (6) The FWC must not make the order unless satisfied that: (a) it would be unreasonable for the requirement in section 306F, that the employer pay the regulated employee at no less than the protected rate of pay, to apply in connection with that work (including, for example, because the rate would be insufficient or would be excessive); and (b) there is a covered employment instrument of the kind referred to in paragraph (3)(a) or (b). (7) Before deciding whether to make the order, the FWC must seek the views of the following:
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 (6) The FWC must not make the order unless satisfied that: (a) it would be unreasonable for the requirement in section 306F, that the employer pay the regulated employee at no less than the protected rate of pay, to apply in connection with that work (including, for example, because the rate would be insufficient or would be excessive); and (b) there is a covered employment instrument of the kind referred to in paragraph (3)(a) or (b). (7) Before deciding whether to make the order, the FWC must seek the views of the following: (a) the employer;
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 (6) The FWC must not make the order unless satisfied that: (a) it would be unreasonable for the requirement in section 306F, that the employer pay the regulated employee at no less than the protected rate of pay, to apply in connection with that work (including, for example, because the rate would be insufficient or would be excessive); and (b) there is a covered employment instrument of the kind referred to in paragraph (3)(a) or (b). (7) Before deciding whether to make the order, the FWC must seek the views of the following: (a) the employer; (b) the regulated host; (c) the employer to which a covered employment instrument to be specified in the order for the purposes of subsection (3)
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 (6) The FWC must not make the order unless satisfied that: (a) it would be unreasonable for the requirement in section 306F, that the employer pay the regulated employee at no less than the protected rate of pay, to apply in connection with that work (including, for example, because the rate would be insufficient or would be excessive); and (b) there is a covered employment instrument of the kind referred to in paragraph (3)(a) or (b). (7) Before deciding whether to make the order, the FWC must seek the views of the following: (a) the employer; (b) the regulated host; (c) the employer to which a covered employment instrument to

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1	(e) employees to whom the covered employment instrument to
2	be specified in the order for the purposes of subsection (3)
3	applies;
4	(f) organisations entitled to represent the industrial interests of
5	any of the persons referred to in paragraphs (a) to (e).
6	(8) In deciding whether to make the order, the FWC must have regard
7	to:
8	(a) whether the host employment instrument covered by the
9	regulated labour hire arrangement order applies only to a
10	particular class or group of employees; and
11	(b) whether, in practice, the host employment instrument has
12	ever applied to an employee at a classification, job level or
13	grade that would be applicable to the regulated employee;
14	and
15 16	(c) the views (if any) of any persons or organisations mentioned in subsection (7);
	(d) the rate of pay that would be payable to the regulated
17 18	employee in connection with the work if the order were
19	made; and
20	(e) any other matter the FWC considers relevant.
21	Exception for short-term arrangements
21	Exception for short-term urrangements
22	(9) In making an order under this section, the FWC must ensure that, if
23	an exception in section 306G would apply to the requirement to
24	pay the regulated employee at no less than the protected rate of
25	pay, the exception also applies in relation to the requirement to pay
26 27	the employee at the rate worked out under the alternative protected rate of pay order.
27	Tate of pay order.
28	306N Effect of alternative protected rate of pay order
29	When alternative protected rate of pay order comes into force
30	(1) An alternative protected rate of pay order comes into force:
31	(a) if the order is made before the regulated labour hire
32	arrangement order to which the order relates comes into
33	force:



1 2	(i) on the day the regulated labour hire arrangement order comes into force; or
3 4	(ii) on a later day specified in the alternative protected rate of pay order; or
5	(b) otherwise—on the day the alternative protected rate of pay
6	order is made, or on a later day specified in the order.
7	Effect of alternative protected rate of pay order
8	(2) If:
9	(a) a regulated labour hire arrangement order is in force that
10 11	covers a regulated host, an employer and work performed by a regulated employee of the employer; and
12	(b) an alternative protected rate of pay order is made in relation
13	to the regulated labour hire arrangement order;
14	then:
15	(c) the alternative protected rate of pay order applies in relation
16	to so much of the work as is performed during the period that
17	the alternative protected rate of pay order is in force; and
18	(d) during that period, the alternative protected rate of pay order
19	has effect despite section 306F (protected rate of pay payable
20	to employees if a regulated labour hire arrangement order is
21	in force), and despite any provision of the following that
22	provides for a lower rate of pay than that worked out in
23	accordance with the order:
24	(i) a fair work instrument that applies to the regulated
25	employee;
26	(ii) a covered employment instrument (other than a fair
27	work instrument) that applies to the regulated employee;
28	(iii) the regulated employee's contract of employment.
29	Person must not contravene an alternative protected rate of pay
30	order
31	(3) A person must not contravene a term of an alternative protected
32	rate of pay order.
33	Note: This subsection is a civil remedy provision (see Part 4-1).

1 Subdivision E—Termination payments

2	306NA I	Determining amounts of payments relating to termination of
3		employment
4		Application of this section
5	(1	1) This section applies if:
6		(a) a regulated employee's employment is or is to be terminated;
7		and
8		(b) the employee is or has been covered by a regulated labour
9		hire arrangement order.
10		Determining amounts of payments relating to termination of
11		employment
12	(2	2) Subject to subsection (5), if an amount that the employee's
13		employer is required to pay to the employee (or to a person on the
14		employee's behalf) in relation to the termination of the
15		employment is to be determined wholly or partly on the basis of a
16		rate of pay in relation to the employee, the rate of pay for the
17		purposes of determining the amount is:
18		(a) if the employee is covered by subsection (3) in relation to the
19 20		amount—the applicable rate of pay that results from the operation of this Part; or
20		(b) in any other case—the applicable rate of pay to which the
21 22		employee is entitled apart from the operation of this Part.
23	(3	3) This subsection covers the employee in relation to the amount if:
24		(a) immediately before the termination of the employment
25		occurs or is to occur, the employee is or will be covered by a
26		regulated labour hire arrangement order in force in relation to
27		work performed by the employee for a regulated host; and
28		(b) the termination of the employment occurs or is to occur
29		during a period in which the employee is performing work
30		for the regulated host, including a period when the employee
31		is taking paid or unpaid leave, or is absent, in connection with that work and the leave or absence is authorised:
32		
33		(i) by the employee's employer; or

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1 2	(ii) by or under a term or condition of the employee's employment; or
	A •
3	(iii) by or under a law of the Commonwealth, a State or a
4	Territory, or an instrument in force under such a law; and
5	
6 7	(c) the rate of pay mentioned in paragraph (2)(a) is higher than the rate mentioned in paragraph (2)(b); and
8	(d) unless the amount is a payment in lieu of notice of
9	termination—the employee has not performed work for any
10	other regulated host in relation to the employee's
11	employment with the employer.
12	(4) If the performance of the work for the regulated host relates to a
13	joint venture or common enterprise engaged in by the regulated
14	host and one or more other persons, then for the purposes of
15	paragraph (3)(d), disregard any work that is taken to be performed
16	for those other persons because of the operation of
17	paragraph 306D(2)(c).
18	Excluded subject matters
19	(5) If the employer is a national system employer only because of
20	section 30D or 30N, nothing in this Part, including the
21	determination of any rate of pay under or in accordance with this
22	Part, affects any amount:
23	(a) that the employer is required to pay to the employee (or to a
24	person on the employee's behalf) in relation to the
25	termination of the employment; and
26	(b) which relates to an excluded subject matter within the
27	meaning of subsection $30A(1)$ or $30K(1)$.
28	Interaction with fair work instruments etc.
29	(6) This section applies despite:
30	(a) a fair work instrument that applies to the employee; or
31	(b) a covered employment instrument (other than a fair work
32	instrument) that applies to the employee; or
33	(c) the employee's contract of employment.

Division 3—Dealing with disputes

2	306P	Disputes about the operation of this Part
3		When this Division applies to a dispute
4 5		 This Division applies to a dispute about the operation of this Part if:
6 7 8 9		 (a) a regulated labour hire arrangement order is in force that covers a regulated host, an employer and a regulated employee of the employer performing work for the regulated host; or
10 11 12 13		(b) a regulated labour hire arrangement order has been made but is not yet in force that covers a regulated host, an employer and a regulated employee of the employer performing work for the regulated host.
14 15		(2) Without limiting subsection (1), this Division applies to a dispute about:
16		(a) what the protected rate of pay for a regulated employee is; or
17 18		(b) whether a regulated employee has been, or is being, paid less than the protected rate of pay for the employee.
19		Parties must attempt to resolve dispute at workplace level
20 21 22		(3) In the first instance, the parties to the dispute must attempt to resolve the dispute at the workplace level by discussions between the parties.
23 24		(4) If discussions at the workplace level do not resolve the dispute, a party to the dispute may apply to the FWC to resolve the dispute.
25		How the FWC deals with dispute
26		(5) If a party to the dispute makes an application under subsection (4):
27		(a) the FWC must first deal with the dispute by means other than
28		arbitration, unless there are exceptional circumstances; and
29		(b) the FWC may deal with the dispute by arbitration in
30		accordance with section 306Q.
31 32		Note: For the purposes of paragraph (a), the FWC may deal with the dispute as it considers appropriate, including by mediation, conciliation,

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1 2		making a recommendation or expressing an opinion (see subsection 595(2)).
3		Representatives
4	(6)) The employer, employee or regulated host may appoint a person or
5		organisation that is entitled to represent the industrial interests of
6 7		the employer, employee or regulated host to provide the employer, employee or regulated host (as the case may be) with support or
8		representation for the purposes of:
9		(a) resolving the dispute; or
10		(b) the FWC dealing with the dispute.
11 12 13		Note: A person may be represented by a lawyer or paid agent in a matter before the FWC only with the permission of the FWC (see section 596).
10		
14		Joinder of other employees to disputes
15	(7)) Without limiting section 609, the procedural rules may provide for
16		the joinder, as parties to a dispute in relation to which an employee
17		has made an application under subsection (4), of any other
18		employees who have a dispute about the operation of this Part with
18 19		
	306Q De	employees who have a dispute about the operation of this Part with
19	_	 employees who have a dispute about the operation of this Part with the same regulated host or employer. aling with disputes by arbitration The FWC may deal with the dispute by arbitration, including by
19 20	_	 employees who have a dispute about the operation of this Part with the same regulated host or employer. aling with disputes by arbitration) The FWC may deal with the dispute by arbitration, including by making an order (an <i>arbitrated protected rate of pay order</i>)
19 20 21	_	 employees who have a dispute about the operation of this Part with the same regulated host or employer. aling with disputes by arbitration The FWC may deal with the dispute by arbitration, including by
19 20 21 22	_	 employees who have a dispute about the operation of this Part with the same regulated host or employer. aling with disputes by arbitration) The FWC may deal with the dispute by arbitration, including by making an order (an <i>arbitrated protected rate of pay order</i>) determining: (a) how the rate of pay at which the employer must pay the
19 20 21 22 23	_	 employees who have a dispute about the operation of this Part with the same regulated host or employer. aling with disputes by arbitration) The FWC may deal with the dispute by arbitration, including by making an order (an <i>arbitrated protected rate of pay order</i>) determining: (a) how the rate of pay at which the employer must pay the employee in connection with the work is to be worked out;
 19 20 21 22 23 24 	_	 employees who have a dispute about the operation of this Part with the same regulated host or employer. aling with disputes by arbitration) The FWC may deal with the dispute by arbitration, including by making an order (an <i>arbitrated protected rate of pay order</i>) determining: (a) how the rate of pay at which the employer must pay the
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	_	 employees who have a dispute about the operation of this Part with the same regulated host or employer. aling with disputes by arbitration) The FWC may deal with the dispute by arbitration, including by making an order (an <i>arbitrated protected rate of pay order</i>) determining: (a) how the rate of pay at which the employer must pay the employee in connection with the work is to be worked out;
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	_	 employees who have a dispute about the operation of this Part with the same regulated host or employer. aling with disputes by arbitration) The FWC may deal with the dispute by arbitration, including by making an order (an <i>arbitrated protected rate of pay order</i>) determining: (a) how the rate of pay at which the employer must pay the employee in connection with the work is to be worked out; and
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(1)	 employees who have a dispute about the operation of this Part with the same regulated host or employer. aling with disputes by arbitration The FWC may deal with the dispute by arbitration, including by making an order (an <i>arbitrated protected rate of pay order</i>) determining: (a) how the rate of pay at which the employer must pay the employee in connection with the work is to be worked out; and (b) that the employer must pay the rate of pay worked out in that way to the employee in connection with the work.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(1)	 employees who have a dispute about the operation of this Part with the same regulated host or employer. aling with disputes by arbitration The FWC may deal with the dispute by arbitration, including by making an order (an <i>arbitrated protected rate of pay order</i>) determining: (a) how the rate of pay at which the employer must pay the employee in connection with the work is to be worked out; and (b) that the employer must pay the rate of pay worked out in that way to the employee in connection with the work. If the employer is a national system employer only because of section 30D or 30N, the rate of pay for the purposes of
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(1)	 employees who have a dispute about the operation of this Part with the same regulated host or employer. aling with disputes by arbitration The FWC may deal with the dispute by arbitration, including by making an order (an <i>arbitrated protected rate of pay order</i>) determining: (a) how the rate of pay at which the employer must pay the employee in connection with the work is to be worked out; and (b) that the employer must pay the rate of pay worked out in that way to the employee in connection with the work. If the employer is a national system employer only because of section 30D or 30N, the rate of pay for the purposes of paragraph (1)(a) of this section must not include any amount that
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(1)	 employees who have a dispute about the operation of this Part with the same regulated host or employer. aling with disputes by arbitration The FWC may deal with the dispute by arbitration, including by making an order (an <i>arbitrated protected rate of pay order</i>) determining: (a) how the rate of pay at which the employer must pay the employee in connection with the work is to be worked out; and (b) that the employer must pay the rate of pay worked out in that way to the employee in connection with the work. If the employer is a national system employer only because of section 30D or 30N, the rate of pay for the purposes of

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Fair Work Legislation Amendment (Closing Loopholes) Bill 2023

Schedule 1 Main amendments Part 6 Closing the labour hire loophole

1	Note: Sections 30D and 30N extend the meaning of <i>national system</i>
2	employer.
3	(3) The FWC must not make an arbitrated protected rate of pay order
4	unless the FWC considers that it would be fair and reasonable to
5	make the order.
6	(4) If the parties have notified the FWC, in writing, that they agree to
7	the FWC arbitrating the dispute, an arbitrated protected rate of pay
8	order made in relation to the dispute may apply in relation to work
9	performed at any time on or after the day the regulated labour hire arrangement order comes into force.
10	arrangement order comes into force.
11	(5) If the parties have not notified the FWC that they agree to the FWC
12	arbitrating the dispute, an arbitrated protected rate of pay order
13	made in relation to the dispute may apply only in relation to work performed on or after:
14	*
15 16	(a) if the arbitrated protected rate of pay order is made before the regulated labour hire arrangement order to which the order
17	relates comes into force—the day the regulated labour hire
18	arrangement order comes into force; or
19	(b) otherwise—the day the arbitrated protected rate of pay order
20	is made.
21	Effect of arbitrated protected rate of pay order
21	Effect of aroundied protected rate of pay order
22	(6) If the FWC makes an arbitrated protected rate of pay order in
23	relation to the dispute, the order has effect, in relation to so much
24 25	of the work as is performed during the period to which the order
25	applies, despite the following:
26 27	 (a) section 306F (protected rate of pay payable to employees if a regulated labour hire arrangement order is in force);
28	(b) any provision of the following that provides for a lower rate
28 29	of pay than that worked out in accordance with the order:
30	(i) a fair work instrument that applies to the employee;
31	(ii) a covered employment instrument (other than a fair
32	work instrument) that applies to the employee;
33	(iii) the employee's contract of employment.
34	(7) A person must not contravene a term of an arbitrated protected rate
35	of pay order.
	1 2

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1		Note: This subsection is a civil remedy provision (see Part 4-1).
2		(8) In making an order under this section, the FWC must ensure that, in
3		an exception in section 306G would apply to the requirement to
4		pay the regulated employee at no less than the protected rate of
5		pay, the exception also applies in relation to the requirement to pay
6		the employee at the rate worked out under the arbitrated protected
7		rate of pay order.
8	306R	Application fees
9 10		 An application under subsection 306P(4) must be accompanied by any fee prescribed by the regulations.
11		(2) The regulations may prescribe:
12		(a) a fee for making an application to the FWC under that
13		subsection; and
14		(b) a method for indexing the fee; and
15		(c) the circumstances in which all or part of the fee may be
16		waived or refunded.
17	Divisi	on 4—Anti-avoidance
18	306S I	Preventing making of regulated labour hire arrangement
19		orders
20		(1) A person contravenes this section if:
21		(a) the person is an employer or a regulated host; and
22		(b) the person, either alone or with one or more other persons:
23		(i) enters into a scheme; or
24		(ii) begins to carry out a scheme; or
25		(iii) carries out a scheme; and
26		(c) the person does so for the sole or dominant purpose of
27		preventing the FWC from making a regulated labour hire
28		arrangement order in relation to any person or persons
29		(whether or not those persons are the same persons
30		mentioned in paragraph (b)); and
31		(d) as a result of that scheme or part of that scheme, the FWC is
32		prevented from making the order.

1		Note:	This section is a civil remedy provision (see Part 4-1).
2	(2)	In thi	is section:
3		scho	<i>ne</i> means:
			any agreement, arrangement, understanding, promise or
4 5		(a)	undertaking, whether express or implied and whether or not
6			enforceable, or intended to be enforceable, by legal
7			proceedings; or
8 9		(b)	any scheme, plan, proposal, action, course of action or course of conduct, whether unilateral or otherwise.
10	306SA Av		nce of application of regulated labour hire
11		arra	ngement orders
12	(1)	A per	rson contravenes this section if:
13		(a)	the person is an employer or a regulated host; and
14		(b)	the person, either alone or with one or more other persons:
15			(i) enters into a scheme; or
16			(ii) begins to carry out a scheme; or
17			(iii) carries out a scheme; and
18		(c)	the person does so for the sole or dominant purpose of
19			avoiding the application of a regulated labour hire
20			arrangement order that has been made (whether or not the
21			order is yet in force), in relation to any person or persons
22 23			(whether or not those persons are the same persons mentioned in paragraph (b)); and
24		(d)	as a result of that scheme or part of that scheme, a person
25		(u)	avoids the application of the regulated labour hire
26			arrangement order.
27		Note:	This section is a civil remedy provision (see Part 4-1).
28	(2)	In thi	s section:
29		scher	<i>ne</i> means:
30		(a)	any agreement, arrangement, understanding, promise or
31			undertaking, whether express or implied and whether or not
32			enforceable, or intended to be enforceable, by legal
33			proceedings; or

1 2	(b) any scheme, plan, proposal, action, course of action or course of conduct, whether unilateral or otherwise.
3	306T Short-term arrangements—engaging other employees
4 5	An employer covered by a regulated labour hire arrangement order contravenes this section if:
6 7 8 9	 (a) the employer is not required to pay a regulated employee at a rate determined under or in accordance with this Part because of the operation of subsection 306G(2) (including as it applies because of subsection 306M(9) or 306Q(8)); and
10 11 12	(b) the employer engages another person to perform the same, or substantially the same, work as that performed by the employee for the regulated host; and
13 14 15	(c) it could reasonably be concluded that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of engaging the other person is to achieve the result that the employer is not required to pay a regulated
16 17	employee at a rate determined under or in accordance with this Part.
18	Note: This section is a civil remedy provision (see Part 4-1).
19 20	306U Short-term arrangements—entering into other labour hire agreements
21 22	A regulated host covered by a regulated labour hire arrangement order contravenes this section if:
23 24 25 26 27	 (a) an employer covered by the regulated labour hire arrangement order is not required to pay a regulated employee at a rate determined under or in accordance with this Part because of the operation of subsection 306G(2) (including as it applies because of subsection 306M(9) or
28 29	306Q(8)); and(b) the regulated host enters into an agreement that has the result
30 31 32	that another person is to perform the same, or substantially the same, work as that performed by the regulated employee for the regulated host; and
33 34 35	(c) it could reasonably be concluded that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of engaging the other person is to achieve the result that the employer is not required to pay a regulated

1			employee at a rate determined under or in accordance with
2			this Part.
3		Note:	This section is a civil remedy provision (see Part 4-1).
4	306V Eng	aging	g independent contractors
5 6			mployer covered by a regulated labour hire arrangement order avenes this section if:
7			the employer dismisses an employee who performs, or is to
8		(a)	perform, work for a regulated host covered by the order; and
9		(b)	the employer engages another person as an independent
10 11			contractor, under a contract for services, to perform that work, or work of that kind, for the regulated host; and
12		(c)	a result of the employer dismissing the employee and
13			engaging the independent contractor is that the employer is
14			not required to pay a person at a rate determined under or in
15			accordance with this Part; and
16		(d)	it could reasonably be concluded that the employer dismissed
17			the employee and engaged the independent contractor for the
18			purpose, or purposes including the purpose, of achieving that
19			result.
20		Note:	This section is a civil remedy provision (see Part 4-1).
21	Division	5—(Other matters
22	306W Gu	idelin	nes
23	(1)	The	FWC may make written guidelines in relation to the operation
23 24	(1)		is Part.
25	(2)	Guid	elines made under subsection (1) are not a legislative
26	(-)		ument.
27	(3)	The l	FWC must ensure that guidelines under subsection (1) are in
28		force	
29		(a)	by 1 November 2024; and
30		(b)	at all times on and after that day.

74 Subsection 539(2) (after table item 9) 1

Insert:

2 3

Part 2-7A—Regulated labour hire arrangement orders

9A	306EC(1) 306ED(2) 306ED(4) 306EE(2) 306EE(3) 306F(2) 306F(2) 306H(3) 306O(3) 306O(7) 306SA(1) 306SA(1) 306CV	(a) an employee;(b) an employee organisation;(c) an inspector	 (a) the Federal Court; (b) the Federal Circuit and Family Court of Australia (Division 2); (c) an eligible State or Territory court 	for a serious contravention —600 penalty units; or otherwise—60 penalty units
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4	75	After parag	graph 557(2)(f)
5		Insert:	
6		(fa)	subsection 306F(2) (which deals with the protected rate of
7 8			pay payable to employees covered by a regulated labour hire arrangement order);
9		(fb)	subsection 306H(3) (which deals with the obligations of
10			regulated hosts covered by a regulated labour hire
11			arrangement order);
12		(fc)	subsection 306N(3) (which deals with the contravention of
13			alternative protected rate of pay orders);
14		(fd)	subsection 306Q(7) (which deals with the contravention of
15			arbitrated protected rate of pay orders);
16	76	After parag	graph 576(1)(f)
17		Insert:	
18		(fa)	regulated labour hire arrangement orders (Part 2-7A);

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